



Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Elements of C	yber Security and IoT	Semester		
Course Code	BIC401	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours		
Examination type (SEE) Theory/practical/Viva-Voce /Term-work/Others				
 Course objectives: Understand the definition and basics of cyber crime, its classifications and cyberoffenses. Understand the cyber crime on mobile, wireless devices and their security challenges. Gain insights about tools and methods are used in cyber crimes for different attacks. Understands the fundamentals of IoT, Sensor Networks and smart objects. Learn the characteristics of different IoT access technologies and application 				
Dasedprotocols for 10T. Teaching-Learning Process These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternativeeffective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes. 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts. 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class. 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotescritical thinking. 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, developdesign thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it. 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations. 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic andencourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them. 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, ithelps improve the students' understanding 9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies				
Introduction to Cyber Security: Basic Cyber Security Concepts, layers of security Vulnerability, Assets and Threat, motive of attackers, active attacks, passive attacks Software attacks, hardware attacks, Cyber Threats-Cyber Warfare, Cyber terrorism Cyber Espionage etc. Comprehensive Cyber Security Policy			curity, ttacks, orism,	





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Module-2 8 hours

Mobile and Digital Payments Security: Security Challenges and types of attacks on Mobile devices, Security for Mobile Apps, Mobile Device Management tools and techniques.

Digital payments Security: Banking Cards, Unified Payment Interface (UPI), e-Wallets, Unstructured Supplementary Service Data (USSD), Aadhar enabled payments, Digital payments related common frauds and preventive measures.

Note: Aadhar Enabled Payments topic as a case study not for the examination point of view.

Module-3 8 hours

E-Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME IP Security: IP Security overview, IP Security architecture, Authentication Header, Encapsulating security payload, Combining security associations,

Web security considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Shell (SSH).

Module-4 8 hours

Introduction to IoT: Genesis of IoT, IoT and Digitization, IoT Impact, Convergence of IT and OT, IoT challenges, Smart Objects: Sensors, Actuators, Micro-Electro-Mechanical systems (MEMS), Smart Objects, Trends in smart objects. Sensor Networks.

Text Book-4: Chapter 1, Chapter 3

Module-5 8hours

IoT Access Technologies: IEEE 802.15.4, IEEE 901.2a, IEEE 802.11ah, LoRaWAN. IP as the IoT Network Layer: The business case for IP, The need for Optimization, Optimizing IP for IoT. Application Protocols for IoT: The Transport Layer, IoT application Transport methods, SCADA, CoAP, MQTT.

Text Book-4: Chapter 4, Chapter 5, Chapter 6

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

CO1: Understand the various types of cyber threats and attacks.

CO2: Explain various attacks and security aspects in Digital

payment.CO3: Understand the various concepts in Email and web

Security.

CO4: Describe fundamentals of IoT and its challenges.

CO5: Analyse different access technologies for IoT.



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Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks



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Books

Text Books:

 Cyber Security Essentials, James Graham, Richard Howard and Ryan Otson, CRC Press.
 Introduction to Cyber Security, Chwan-Hwa(john) Wu,J. David Irwin, CRC Press T&FGroup.

3. Cryptography and Network Security - Principles and Practice: William Stallings, PearsonEducation

4..David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the Internet of Things",1st Edition, Pearson Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). (ISBN: 978-

9386873743) References:

- 1. "Introduction to cyber security"- Anand Shinde,ISBN 978-1-63781-642-4, Nationpress.com.
- 2. "Cybersecurity-Essentials"- 1st Edition, Charles J Brooks, Christopher Grow, PhilipCraig, Donald Short, Sybex Publications.
- 3. Sudip Misra, Anandarup Mukherjee, Arijit Roy, "Introduction to IoT", Cambridge University Press 2021

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc17 cs22/course
- 2. <u>https://www.cse.wustl.edu/~jain/cse570-15/ftp/iot_prot/index.html</u>
- 3. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/noc/courses/noc19/SEM1/noc19-cs31/</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Project Based Learning
- Case Study



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Analysis & De	Semester	4	
Course Code	BC0402	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3
Examination nature (SEE) Theory/practical/Others			

Course objectives:

- To learn the methods for analyzing algorithms and evaluating their performance.
- To demonstrate the efficiency of algorithms using asymptotic notations.
- To solve problems using various algorithm design methods, including brute force, greedy, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking, and branch and bound.
- To use modern tool(s) for program development and recording of results/observations.

Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- **1.** Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- 2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- **4.** Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- **5.** Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- 6. Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- **7.** Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- 8. Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.
- **9.** For practical based learning: use suitable modern tool for program development and record the results/observations of experiments

Module-1

INTRODUCTION: What is an Algorithm?, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving.

FUNDAMENTALS OF THE ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM EFFICIENCY: Analysis Framework, Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency Classes, Mathematical Analysis of Non recursive Algorithms,

Mathematical Analysis of Recursive Algorithms.

BRUTE FORCE APPROACHES: Selection Sort and Bubble Sort, Sequential Search and Brute Force String Matching.

Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

Module-2



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BRUTE FORCE APPROACHES (contd..): Exhaustive Search (Travelling Salesman probem and Knapsack Problem).

DECREASE-AND-CONQUER: Insertion Sort, Topological Sorting.

DIVIDE AND CONQUER: Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Binary Tree Traversals, Multiplication of Large Integers and Strassen's Matrix Multiplication.

Chapter 3(Section 3.4), Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3, 5.4)

Module-3

TRANSFORM-AND-CONQUER: Balanced Search Trees, Heaps and Heapsort.

SPACE-TIME TRADEOFFS: Sorting by Counting: Comparison counting sort, Input Enhancement in String Matching: Horspool's Algorithm.

Chapter 6 (Sections 6.3,6.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Module-4

DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING: Three basic examples, The Knapsack Problem and Memory Functions, Warshall's and Floyd's Algorithms.

THE GREEDY METHOD: Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm, Dijkstra's Algorithm, Huffman Trees and Codes.

Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1,8.2,8.4), Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4)

Module-5

LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHMIC POWER: Decision Trees, P, NP, and NP-Complete Problems.

COPING WITH LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHMIC POWER: Backtracking (n-Queens problem, Subsetsum problem), Branch-and-Bound (Knapsack problem), Approximation algorithms for NP-Hard problems (Knapsack problem).

Chapter 11 (Section 11.2, 11.3), Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1, 12.2, 12.3)

PRAC	PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)			
Sl.No	Experiments			
1	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected			
	undirected graph using Kruskal's algorithm.			
2	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find Minimum Cost Spanning Tree of a given connected			
	undirected graph using Prim's algorithm.			
3	a. Design and implement C/C++ Program to find the transitive closure using Warshal's			
	algorithm.			
	b. Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve All-Pairs Shortest Paths problem using Floyd's			
	algorithm.			
4	Design and implement C/C++ Program to find shortest paths from a given vertex in a weighted			
	connected graph to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.			
5	Design and implement C/C++ Program to obtain the Topological ordering of vertices in a given			
	digraph.			
6	Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve 0/1 Knapsack problem using Dynamic			
	Programming method.			
7	Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve discrete Knapsack and continuous Knapsack			
	problems using greedy approximation method.			
8	Design and implementC/C++ Program to find a subset of a given set S = {sl, s2,, sn} of n positive			
	integers whose sum is equal to a given positive integer d.			



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9	Design and implement C/C++ Program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Selection
	Sort method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and
	record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read
	from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.
10	Design and implement C/C++ Program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Quick Sort
	method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000 and
	record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read
	from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.
11	Design and implement C/C++ Program to sort a given set of n integer elements using Merge Sort
	method and compute its time complexity. Run the program for varied values of n> 5000, and
	record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read
	from a file or can be generated using the random number generator.
12	Design and implement C/C++ Program for N Queen's problem using Backtracking.
Course	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the	end of the course, the student will be able to:
1.	Apply asymptotic notational method to analyze the performance of the algorithms in terms of
	time complexity.
2.	Demonstrate divide & conquer approaches and decrease & conquer approaches to solve
	computational problems using suitable tools.
3.	Make use of transform & conquer and dynamic programming design approaches to solve the
	given real world or complex computational problems.

- 4. Apply greedy and input enhancement methods to solve graph & string based computational problems using suitable tools.
- 5. Analyse various classes (P,NP and NP Complete) of problems
- 6. Illustrate backtracking, branch & bound and approximation methods.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.





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The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.



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Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbooks

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, By Anany Levitin, 3rd Edition(Indian), 2017, Pearson.

Reference books

- 1. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 3. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- Design and Analysis of Algorithms: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- Virtual Labs (CSE): http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Promote real-world problem-solving and competitive problem solving through group discussions to engage students actively in the learning process.
- Encourage students to enhance their problem-solving skills by implementing all algorithms and solutions through additional programming exercises, fostering practical application of theoretical concepts.

Assessment Methods -

- 1. Problem Solving Assignments (Hacker Rank/ Hacker Earth / Leadcode)
- 2. Gate Based Aptitude Test



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DATABASE MANA	Semester	4	
Course Code	BCS403	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

- To Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
- To Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- To Understand the relational database design principles.
- To Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database.
- To Design and build database applications for real world problems.
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

Teaching-Learning Process

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.

- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes criticalthinking.

5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather thansimply recall it.

6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.

7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and

encourage thestudents to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helpsimprove the students' understanding

9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies

MODULE-1No. of Hours: 8Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of
using theDBMS approach, History of database applications.Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three
schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System
environment.Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity

sets and structuralconstraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Specialization and Generalization.

Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10RBT: L1, L2, L3

MODULE-2



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Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. **Relational Algebra:** Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relationalmapping. Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.3, Ch 8.1 to 8.5; Ch 9.1 to 9.2 Textbook 2: 3.5RBT: L1, L2, L3 **MODULE-3** No. of Hours:8 Normalization: Database Design Theory - Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. **SQL:** SQL data definition and data types, Schema change statements in SQL, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to 14.7, Ch 6.1 to 6.5 **RBT: L1, L2, L3 MODULE-4** No. of Hours:8 **SQL:** Advanced Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL. Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. Textbook 1: Ch 7.1 to 7.3, Ch 20.1 to 20.6

RBT: L1, L2, L3

MODULE-5

No. of Hours:08

Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. **NOSQL Databases and Big Data Storage Systems:** Introduction to NOSQL Systems, The CAP Theorem, Document-Based NOSQL Systems and MongoDB, NOSQL Key-Value Stores, Column-Based or Wide Column NOSQL Systems, NOSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j

Textbook 1:Chapter 21.1 to 21.5, Chapter 24.1 to 24.6RBT: L1, L2, L3



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PRAC	CTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC(May cover all / major modules)			
SI.NO	Experiment			
1	Create a table called Employee & execute the following.			
	Employee(EMPNO,ENAME, JOB, MANAGER NO, SAL, COMMISSION)			
	1. Create a user and grant all permissions to the user.			
	2. Insert the any three records in the employee table contains attributes			
	EMPNO.ENAME IOB. MANAGER NO. SAL. COMMISSION and use rollback. (
	the result			
	3 Add primary key constraint and not null constraint to the employee table			
	4 Insort null values to the employee table and verify the result			
2	4. Insert null values to the employee table and verify the result.			
4	ovecute the following			
	1 Add a column commission with domain to the Employeestable			
	1. Add a column commission with domain to the Employeetable.			
	2. Insert any five records into the table.			
	5. Opdate the column details of job			
	4. Rename the column of Employ table using alter command.			
2	5. Delete the employee whose Empho is 105.			
3	Employee(F id E name Age Salary)			
	1 Create Employee table containing all Records E id E name Age Salary			
	2. Count number of employee names from employeetable			
	3. Find the Maximum age from employee table.			
	4. Find the Minimum age from employeetable.			
	5. Find salaries of employee in Ascending Order.			
	6. Find grouped salaries of employees.			
4 Create a row level trigger for the customers table that would fire for INSERT				
	UPDATE orDELETE operations performed on the CUSTOMERS table. This trigger will			
	display the salary difference between the old & new Salary.			
	CUSTOMERS(ID,NAME,AGE,ADDRESS,SALARY)			
5	Create cursor for Employee table & extract the values from the table. Declare the			
	variables			
	,Open the cursor & extrct the values from the cursor. Close the cursor.			
6	Employee(E_id, E_name, Age, Salary)			
0	write a PL/SQL block of code using parameterized Cursor, that will merge the data			
	available in the newly created table N_KollCall with the data available in the table			
	U_RollCall. If the			
7	data in the first table already exist in the second table then that data should be skipped.			
/	Install an Open Source NoSQL Data base MangoDB & perform basic CRUD(Create, Read,			
	Update & Delete) operations. Execute MangoDB basic Queries using CRUD operations.			



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Describe the basic elements of a relational database management system
- Design entity relationship for the given scenario.
- Apply various Structured Query Language (SQL) statements for database manipulation.
- Analyse various normalization forms for the given application.
- Develop database applications for the given real world problem.
- Understand the concepts related to NoSQL databases.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)



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minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a

CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practicalcomponent.



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.

2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

- Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learningMini Project:
 - Project Based Learning



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Cyber Security lab Semester			IV		
Course Code		BICL 404	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Credits		01	Exam Hours	100	
Examir	nation type (SEE)	Practical	l		
Course	e objectives:				
•	To get Practical exposure of Cyb	er security threats			
•	To get Practical exposure on For	rensics Tools			
SI.NO		Experiments			
1	Install Kali Linux and explore ba	asic Linux commands and tools.			
2					
Z	Perform basic network scanning	g using the Nmap tool (Zenmap on Window	vsj. identify services, o	pen ports,	
	active nosts, operating systems,	and vulnerabilities.			
2					
3	Phishing simulations (Google, L	UCY and GoPhish).			
4					
	Packet analysis using Wireshark.				
5	Ransomware tabletop exercise	on insider threat.			
6					
	Perform SQL injection using Bui	rpSuite			
7					
	Installation of Wire shark, tcp	dump, etc and observe data transferred i	in client server comm	unication	
	using UDP/TCP and identify the	e UDP/TCP datagram			
8					
	Installation of rootkits and stud	y about the variety of options			
9	Perform an Experiment to Sniff	Traffic using ARP Poisoning			
	-				
10	Demonstrate intrusion detectio	n system using snort			
		5 0			
Course	Course outcomes (Course Skill Sat):				
At the	At the end of the course the student will be able to:				
•	Demonstrate the usage of tools	to identify cyber threats/attacks			
•	Use Autopsy tools for digital for	ensic.			
•	Demonstrate Network analysis	using Network miner tools.			



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the



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examiners jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- Real digital Forensics for Handheld Devices, E.P Dorothy, Auerback Publications, 2013
- The Basics of Digital Forensics: The Primer for Getting Started in Digital Forensics, J. Sammons, Syngress Publishing, 2012
- Handbook of Digital Forensics and Investigation, E. Casey , Academic Press, 2010
- Malware Forensics Field Guide for Windows Systems: Digital Forensics Field Guides, C.H Malin, E. Casey and J M Aquilina, Syngress, 2012
- The Best Damn Cybercrime and digital forensics Book Period, J Wiles and A Reyes, Syngress, 2007



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DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES		Semester	IV
Course Code	BCS405A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theor		
	V		

Course objectives:

- 1. To help students to understand discrete and continuous mathematical structures.
- 2. To impart basics of relations and functions.
- 3. To facilitate students in applying principles of Recurrence Relations to find the generatingfunctions and solve the Recurrence relations.
- 4. To have the knowledge of groups and their properties to understand the importance of algebraic properties relative to various number systems.

Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General

Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various courseoutcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods maybe adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).

• As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1: Fundamentals of Logic

Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

(8 hours)

Module-2: Properties of the Integers

Mathematical Induction, The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions.

Fundamental Principles of Counting: The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations –

The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition. Hours)(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3) (8



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Module-3: Relations and Functions

Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeon-hole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions.

Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs,

PartialOrders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions.

(8

hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-4: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion

The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements –

Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials.

Recurrence Relations: First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order Linear Homogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients. (8)

Hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-5: Introduction to Groups Theory

Definitions and Examples of Particular Groups Klein 4-group, Additive group of Integersmodulo n, Multiplicative group of Integers modulo-p and permutation groups, Properties ofgroups,Subgroups, cyclicgroups,Cosets,Lagrange'sTheorem.

8Hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply concepts of logical reasoning and mathematical proof techniques in provingtheorems and statements.
- 2. Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.
- 3. Apply the basic concepts of relations, functions and partially ordered sets for computerrepresentations.
- 4. Solve problems involving recurrence relations and generating functions.
- 5. Illustrate the fundamental principles of Algebraic structures with the problems related tocomputer science & engineering.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

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Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Testcomponent.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is projectbased thenonly one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and

assignment/s marks.

The Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels ofBloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with commonquestion papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with amaximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)Text Books:

- 1. Ralph P. Grimaldi, B V Ramana: "Discrete Mathematical Structures an AppliedIntroduction", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- **2.** Ralph P. Grimaldi: "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics", 5th Edition, PearsonEducation. 2004.

Reference Books:

- 1. Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: "Discrete Mathematics A Concept-based approach", Universities Press, 2016
- **2. Kenneth H. Rosen: "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications"**, 6th Edition, McGrawHill, 2007.
- **3. Jayant Ganguly: "A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures",** Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
- 4. D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: "Discrete Mathematical Structures Theory and Applications, Latest Edition, Thomson, 2004.
- **5.** Thomas Koshy: "Discrete Mathematics with Applications", Elsevier, 2005, Reprint2008.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):



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- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.
- <u>http://www.themathpage.com/</u>
- http://www.abstractmath.org/
- http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar



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GRAPH THEORY		Semester	IV
Course Code	BCS405B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theor		
	V		

Course objectives:

- Understand the basic concepts of graphs and their properties, and operations of graphs.
- Hamiltonian and Euler graphs, trees and matrix representation of the graph.
- Apply the concepts of a planar graph, matching and colouring in computer scienceengineering.

Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General

Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various courseoutcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and appliedMathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students'progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1

Introduction to Graphs: Introduction- Basic definition – Application of graphs – finite, infinite and bipartite graphs – Incidence and Degree – Isolated vertex, pendant vertex and Null graph. Paths and circuits – Isomorphism, sub-graphs, walks, paths and circuits, connected graphs, disconnected graphs and components. **(8 hours)**

(RDT Levels, L1, L2 and L5]			
Teaching-Learning	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation			
Process				
Module-2				
Eulerian and Hamiltonian g	raphs: Euler graphs, Operations on graphs, Hamiltonian paths			
······································				

Eulerian and Hamiltonian graphs: Euler graphs, Operations on graphs, Hamiltonian paths and circuits, Travelling salesman problem. Directed graphs – types of digraphs, Digraphs and binary relation. (8 hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)



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Ceaching-Learning Process Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation				
Module-3				
Trees – properties, pendant vertex, Distance and centres in a tree - Rooted and binary trees, counting trees, spanning trees. Connectivity Graphs : Vertex Connectivity, Edge Connectivity, Cut set and Cut				
Vertices,Fundamental circuits				
Q	(
hours) (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)				
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation			
LearningProcess	Module-4			
Planar Granks: Planar granks	Kurstowski's theorem (proof not required) Different			
representations of planar graphs,	hs Fuler's theorem Geometric dual			
Granh Representations: Matri	x representation of graphs-Adjacency matrix Incidence			
Matrix.Circuit Matrix. Path Ma	trix. (8			
hours)				
(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)				
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation			
LearningProcess				
	Module-5:			
Graph Colouring: Colouring-	Chromatic number, Chromatic polynomial, Matchings,			
Coverings, Four colour pr	oblem and Five colour problem. Greedy colouring			
algorithm. (8 hours)				
(RB1 Levels: L1, L2 and L3)				
Teaching-Learning Process Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation				
Course outcome (Course Ski	ll Set)			
At the end of the course, the st	udent will be able to:			
1. Explain the fundamental concepts of properties and representation of graphs.				
2. Solve the problems inv	and graph connectivity to solve real world problems			
4 Apply the concepts of thees	lanar graph and graph representations to solve the given			
problem.	ianai graph and graph representations to solve the given			
5. Use the concepts of ma	tching and coloring of graphs to solve the real world problems.			
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)				
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam				
(SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20				
marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks				
(18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a				
minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous				
Internal Evaluation) and SEE				
(Semester End Examination) taken together.				



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tinuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40- 50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85- 90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and

assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels ofBloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with commonquestion papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module(with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)Text Books:

- 1. Narsingh Deo, Graph theory with the applications to engineering & Computer Science, Dovers Publications, 2016
- 2. J.A. Bondy and U.S.R. Murty. Graph theory with Applications, Springer, 1st edition,2008.

Reference Books:

- 1. Garry Chartand and Ping Zhang, Introduction to Graph Theory, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.
- 2. Frank Harary, Graph Theory, Narosa Publishing House, Latest edition.
- 3. R. Diestel, Graph Theory, free online edition, 2016: diestel-graph-theory.com/basic.html.
- 4. Douglas B. West, Introduction to Graph Theory, Prentice Hall India Ltd., 2001
- 5. Robin J. Wilson, Introduction to Graph Theory, Longman Group Ltd., 2010

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):



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- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar



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OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUE		Semester	IV
Course Code	BCS405C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theor	·	
	у		

Course objectives: The objectives of the course are to fecilitate the learners to:

- Appreciate the importance of linear algebra in computer science and allied engineering science.
- Gain the knowledge of linear algebra tools and concepts to implement them in theircore domain.
- Improve their mathematical thinking and acquire skills required for sustained lifelonglearning.

Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various courseoutcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and appliedMathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self–study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students'progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1: VECTOR CALCULUS

Functions of several variables, Differentiation and partial differentials, gradients of
vector-valued functions, gradients of matrices, useful identities for computing gradients,
linearizationand multivariate Taylor series.(8

hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-2: APPLICATIONS OF VECTOR CALCULUS

Backpropagation and automatic differentiation, gradients in a deep network, The Gradient ofQuadratic Cost, Descending the Gradient of Cost, The Gradient of Mean Squared Error.

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

(8 hours)

Module-3: Convex Optimization-1



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Local and global optima, convex sets and functions separating hyperplanes, application of Hessian matrix in optimization, Optimization using gradient descent, Sequential search 3point search and Fibonacci

search.(8 hours) (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-4: Convex Optimization-2

Unconstrained optimization -Method of steepest ascent/descent, NR method, Gradient descent, Mini batch gradient descent, Stochastic gradient descent. (8 hours) (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Module-5: Advanced Optimization

Momentum-based gradient descent methods: Adagrad, RMSprop and Adam. Non-Convex Optimization: Convergence to Critical Points, Saddle-Point methods.

(8 hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply the concepts of vector calculus to solve the given problem.
- 2. Apply the concepts of partial differentiation in machine learning and deep neuralnetworks.
- 3. Analyze the convex optimization algorithms and their importance in computer science& engineering.
- 4. Apply the optimization algorithms to solve the problem.
- 5. Analyze the advanced optimization algorithms for machine learning.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal

Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.



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Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal AssessmentTest component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of

tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with commonquestion papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module(with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Sugge	sted Learning Resources:
Books	s (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition
and Y	ear)Text Books:
1.	Mathematics for Machine learning, Marc Peter Deisennroth, A. Aldo Faisal,
	ChengSoon Ong, 2020, Cambridge University Press.
2.	S. Bubeck, Convex Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity, Foundations and Trendsin Optimization, 2015.
3.	S. Boyd, N. Parikh, and E. Chu," Distributed optimization and statistical learning via thealternating direction method of multipliers", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, Now Publishers Inc.
Refer	ence Books:
1.	Linear Algebra and Optimization for Machine Learning, Charu C. Aggarwal,
	Springer,2020.
2.	A. Beck, First-Order Methods in Optimization, MOS-SIAM Series on
	Optimization,2017.
3.	F. Bach, "Learning with Submodular Functions: A Convex Optimization
	Perspective", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, Now Publishers Inc.
Web I	inks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):
•	https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-06sc-linear-algebra-fall- 2011/index.htm
•	https://www.math.ucdavis.edu/~linear/linear.pdf
•	https://www.coursera.org/learn/linear-algebra-machine-learning
•	https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/111106051/
•	https://github.com/epfml/0ptML course
٠	https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL4O4bXkI-fAeYrsBqTUYn2xMjJAqlFQzX
Activi	ty-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning
•	Quizzes
•	Assignments
•	Seminar



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

NUMBEI	Semester	IV	
Course Code	BCY405D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam	03
		Hours	
Examination type (SEE)	Theor		
	V		

Course objectives:

- Learn the basic concepts of Number Theory.
- Analyze the modular arithmetic and find primitive roots of prime and compositenumbers.
- Understand the application of number theory in cryptography.

Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various courseoutcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and appliedMathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students'progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.6. Show related video lectures in the following ways:
 - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
 - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
 - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
 - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
 - As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

Module-1

Divisibility, Prime and composite numbers, Euclidean algorithm, fundamental theorem of Arithmetic, the greatest common divisor, Linear Diophantine equation, congruence's, Linear congruences and basic properties of congruences.Chinese reminder theorem. (8 hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2)		()		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Present	ation		
	Module-2			
Fermat's little theorem, Wilson	n's theorem, Euler's phi-function and prope	rties, Euler's		
theorem, Random Numbers: Properlies of random numbers. generation of pseudo random				
numbers,techniques of random r	number generation, tests for randomness.	(8		
hours)				
(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)				



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Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation				
Module-3					
Order of an integer modulo n, Primitive roots for primes, Composite numbers having primitiveroots; Euler's Criterion, quadratic residues, quadratic reciprocity. Quadratic congruences with composite moduli. Problems. (8 hours) (8 hours)					
	Module-4				
The Legendre symbol and its properties, Jacobi symbol, Fermat numbers, Pythagorean triples, The Fibonacci sequence, The greatest common divisor of two Fibonacci numbers, Finite continued fractions, Problems.(8 hours)					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation				
	Module-5				
Rational points on curves, Elliptic curves, Factorization using elliptic curves.(8hours)(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation				
 At the end of the course, the s 1. Demonstrate importan 2. Apply number theoreti generationtechniques 3. Apply the concepts of p 4. Identify various proble 5. Apply the concepts of e 	III Set) tudent will be able to: at results in the theory of numbers. ac functions, modular arithmetic and Random number in computer science. primitive roots of prime and composite numbers. ems in number theory. elliptic curves in factorization. IE and SEE)				
The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam					
(SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20					
marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum					
marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she					
secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the total of the CIE (Continuous					
Internal Evaluation)					
and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.					



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal AssessmentTest component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of

tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with commonquestion papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module(with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)Text Books:

- 1. David M. Burton, "Elementary Number Theory", Mc.Graw-Hill, 7th edition, 2007.
- 2. Averill. M Law, "Simulation Modelling & Analysis", Mc.Graw Hill, 5th edition, 2013. **Reference Books:**
- 1. Gareth A. Jones & J. Mary Jones, "Elementary Number Theory". Springer, 2005.
- 2. Neville Robbins, "Beginning Number Theory", Narosa, 2nd edition, 2007.
- 3. I.Niven, "An Introduction to the Theory of Numbers", John Wiley & Sons. 5th edition, 2012
- 4. Neal Koblitz, "A Course in Number Theory and Cryptography", Springer-Verlag, 2ndedition, 1994.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar



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Data Analyt	tics for IOT	Semester	4			
Course Code	BCO456A	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100			
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01			
Examination type (SEE)	Theory (MCQ)					
Course objectives:						
Understand the basics of IoT	analytics					
Understand Elastic analytics	Understand Elastic analytics concepts					
Exploring and Visualizing the						
Learn about the basic concep	ts of Machine Learning					
Know about Linked analytica	l Datasets.					
Teaching-Learning Process (General I These are sample Strategies, which teach outcomes.	nstructions) ners can use to accelerate the attainment	t of the various	s course			
1. Lecturer method (L) need not to b	1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective					
teaching methods could be adopte	teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.					
2. Use of Video/Animation to explain	2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.					
3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.						
4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes Critical						
thinking.						
5. Adopt Case study Based Learning (CBL), which fosters students' analytical skills, develop						
thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than						
simply recall it.	simply recall it.					
6. Discuss how every concept can be	applied to the real world - and when the	at's possible, it	helps			
improve the students' understand	ing.	-	-			
Module-1		3 hour	S			
The situation, Defining IoT analytics, IoT	analytics challenges.					
Chapter 1 (Except Business value concer	ns)					
Module-2		3 hour	S			
Building Elastic analytics, Elastic analyt	ics concepts, Designing for scale, Cloud	l security and				
analytics						
Chapter 3 (Only the above mentioned top	pics)					
Module-3 3 hours						
Exploring and Visualizing Data-The Tabl	Exploring and Visualizing Data-The Tableau Overview, Techniques to understand data quality, Basic					
time series analysis, Get to know catego	ories in the data, Bring in Geography, L	Jsing R for sta	itistical			
Analysis.		-				
Chapter 6 (Only the above mentioned top	pics)					
Module-4		3 hou	irs			
Machine Learning Basics: What is mach	nine learning, Generalization, Feature E	Engineering w	ith IoT			
data, Validation methods, Random forest	t model using R.	2 0				
Chapter 10 (Only the above mentioned to	opics)					
Module-5		2 hour	S			



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Linked analytical Datasets, Managing Data lakes, The Data retention strategy.

Chapter 11

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Identify the requirement and measurements for capacity planning by considering the goal, issues, and processes.
- 2. Explain capacity measurement and monitoring.
- 3. Make use of measurement data for prediction towards the overall planning process.
- 4. Explain the concepts related to deployment, installation, configuration, and management.
- 5. Demonstrate how the virtualization and cloud services fit into a capacity plan.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is 01 hour. The student has to secure a minimumof 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Book:

Analytics for the Internet of Things (IoT): Intelligent analytics for your intelligent devices, by AndreMinteer, Packt Publishing, 2017.

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Solving Industry specific analysis problems (Chapter 6)
- Learn and use basics of R Programming concepts



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

	Eml	oedded C	Semester			
Course	e Code	BICL456B	CIE Marks	50		
Teachi	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50		
Credits	5	01	Exam Hours	100		
Examir	nation type (SEE)	Practio	cal			
Course	e objectives:					
•	To learn the principles of Embe	dded System programming.				
•	To learn the fundamentals of Er	nbedded C programming Development.				
•	 Develop and test Program using ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 					
•	• Conduct the experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version					
	of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision	-4 tool/compiler.				
SI.N O		Experiments				
1	Develop and execute embedo	led C language program for arithmeti	c and logical operation	15.		
2	Develop and execute embed	ded C language program to perform	transfer of data from	source to		
	destination internal data mer	nory location.				
3	Develop an embedded C program to find the sum of first 10 digit number					
4	Develop an embedded C program to find factorial of a number.					
5	Develop an embedded C program to find the square of a number (1 to 10) using look-up table					
6	Develop an embedded C program to find the largest/smallest number in an array of 32 numbers .					
7	Develop an embedded C program to arrange a series of 32 bit numbers in ascending/descending order.					
8	Develop an embedded C program to count the number of ones and zeros in two consecutive memory locations.					
	E	Demonstration Experiments (For C	CIE)			
9	Demonstrate the use of an ex	ternal interrupt to toggle an LED On/	′Off.			
10	Interface a 4x4 keyboard and display the key code on an LCD.					
11	Interface a Stepper motor and rotate it in clockwise and anti-clockwise direction.					
12	Display the Hex digits 0 to F	Display the Hex digits 0 to F on a 7-segment LED interface, with an appropriate delay in between.				
Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):						
At the	end of the course the student w	will be able to:				
•	Develop and test program u	sing ARM7TDMI/LPC2148				

• Conduct the following experiments on an ARM7TDMI/LPC2148 evaluation board using evaluation version of Embedded 'C' & Keil Uvision-4 tool/compiler..



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Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and



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result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- <u>https://www.elprocus.com/introduction-to-arm7-based-lpc2148-microcontroller-architecture/</u>
- https://www.mygreatlearning.com/blog/embedded-c/



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Problem Management in Cyber Security		Semester	4
Course Code	BCY456C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14 hours	Total Marks	100
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

Course objectives:

- Understand importance of problem management in cyber security.
- Distinguish between Incident Management, Problem Management and Change management.
- Learn different approaches and methods to implement Problem Management in organization.

Teaching-Learning Process

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.
- 9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies.

Module-1

Introduction to Problem Management: Definition and importance of Problem Management. Difference between Incident Management and Problem Management. Difference between Change Management and Problem Management. Benefits of Problem Management.

Module-2

Problem Management Process - Problem Detection, Categorization and Prioritization, Investigation and Diagnosis, Creation of Known error record, Creation of work around if necessary and resolution and closure of the problem.

Module-3

Root Cause Analysis (RCA) - When is RCA is required? Objectives of RCA, Different types of RCA, Key principles of RCA, RCA process and best practices.

Module-4

Problem management best practices – Introduction to Brain Storming, Kepner-Tregoe (K-T) method, Ishikawa analysis or Fish bone diagram analysis, Pareto Analysis.

Module-5

Problem management practice in Industry – Introduction to Proactive and Reactive Problem Management. Introduction to role of ITSM (IT Service Management) and ITIL (Information Technology Infrastructure Library) in Problem Management.



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Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Compare Incident Management, Problem Management and Change Management.
- 2. Illustrate the importance of Problem management in cyber security.
- 3. Explain best practices in Problem management.

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

Continuous internal Examination (CIE)

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examinations (SEE)

SEE paper shall be set for 50 questions, each of the 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ (multiple choice questions). The time allotted for SEE is **01 hour**. The student has to secure a minimum of 35% of the maximum marks meant for SEE.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Books:

Cyber Incident and Crisis Management: A Guide for Managers, by Dr.IshaiDror, EAN/UPC, ISBN: 9781090168962, 2019.

References:

Root Cause Analysis: Simplified Tools And Techniques, by Bjorn Anderson and Tom Fagerhaug, Second Edition, ISBN-0873896920, AsqPr, 2006.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SBlKdEFAnlM - Problem Management | ITIL V3 Foundation | ITIL Basics | Simplilearn

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Learn and Practice RCA.
- Understand Problem Management Process.



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

Couu	Technical Writing using LaTeX Semester					4		
Course Code				I	BCSL456D		CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)			L: T:P: S)		0:0:2:0		SEE Marks	50
Credits					01		Exam Hours	02
Exar	nination typ	e (SEE)]	Practical		
Cou	rse objectiv	es:				e		
	10 introdu	ce the	basic syntax an	a semantics of th	e La l ex scrip	ting languag	e	
	To unders	tand th	e presentation	of tables and figu	res in the doc	ument	aquationa	
	To make u	te the I	La l'ex syntax to libraries (Til	represent the the	eorems and m lesign the diag	athematical	equations	ocument
•	i o make u		ie noraries (Th		icsign the that	si alli allu alg		ocument
Sl.N	0			Exp	eriments			
1	Develop	a LaTe	X script to creat	e a simple docume	nt that consists	s of 2 sections	[Section1, Sectio	n2], and a
	paragra	ph with	n dummy text i	n each section. An	d also include	header [title	e of document] a	and footer
	[institut	e name	, page number] i	n the document.				
2	Develop	a LaTe	X script to create	e a document that d	isplays the sam	ple Abstract/	Summary	
3	Develop	a LaTe	X script to create	e a simple title page	e of the VTU pro	oject Report [Use suitable Logo	s and text
	formatti	ngj						
4	Develop	a LaTe	X script to creat	te the Certificate Pa	age of the Repo	ort [Use suita	ble commands to	leave the
	blank sp	aces fo	r user entry]					
F	Develor	S.No	USN	Student Name		Marks	<u>:</u>	
Э	Develop	a La re.	A script to create	a document that d	Subject1	Subject2	Subject3	
		1	4XX22XX001	Name 1	89	60	90	
		2	4XX22XX002	Name 2	78	45	98	
		4				10		
		3	4XX22XX003	Name 3	67	55	59	
		3	4XX22XX003	Name 3	67	55	59	
		3	4XX22XX003	Name 3	67	55	59	
		3	4XX22XX003	Name 3	67	55	59	
		3	4XX22XX003	Name 3	67	55	59	
6	Develop	3 a LaTe	4XX22XX003 X script to includ	Name 3	67 graphics/pictu	res/figures in	59 the document by	using the
6	Develop subgrap	a LaTe	4XX22XX003 X script to incluc	Name 3	67 graphics/pictu	res/figures in	59 the document by	using the
6	Develop subgrap Develop	a LaTe h conce a LaTe	4XX22XX003 X script to inclue pt X script to create	Name 3 de the side-by-side	67 graphics/pictu onsists of the fo	res/figures in	59 the document by nathematical equa	using the
6	Develop subgrap Develop	a LaTe h conce a LaTe	4XX22XX003 X script to incluc pt X script to create	Name 3 de the side-by-side e a document that co	67 graphics/pictu onsists of the fo	res/figures in	59 the document by nathematical equa	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	a LaTe h conce a LaTe	4XX22XX003 X script to include to create	Name 3 de the side-by-side	67 graphics/pictu onsists of the fo	res/figures in	59 the document by nathematical equa	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	$\frac{2}{3}$ a LaTe h conce a LaTe x =	$\frac{4XX22XX003}{4XX22XX003}$	Name 3 de the side-by-side e a document that co $\varphi^\lambda_\sigma A_1$	$\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$ $\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$ $\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$	res/figures in ellowing two r	59 the document by nathematical equa	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	$\frac{2}{3}$ a LaTe h conce a LaTe x =	$\frac{4XX22XX003}{4XX22XX003}$	Name 3 de the side-by-side $\varphi^{\lambda}_{\sigma}A_{1}$	$\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$ $\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$ $\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$ $\frac{67}{\text{graphics/pictu}}$	res/figures in illowing two r $(\pi)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$	59 the document by nathematical equa	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	$\frac{2}{3}$ a LaTe h conce a LaTe x = -2	$\frac{4XX22XX003}{4XX22XX003}$ X script to include the script to create $\frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ $\pm \sqrt{2^2 - 4*(1)*(-b^2)}$	Name 3 de the side-by-side e a document that co $\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}A_{1}$	67 graphics/pictu onsists of the for $t = \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \operatorname{sgn}_{\pi \in C_t}$	res/figures in illowing two r $h(\pi)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$ $h(\pi)(\sigma^{-1}\tau\sigma)(\sigma$	the document by	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	$\frac{2}{3}$ $a \text{ LaTe}$ $h \text{ conce}$ $a \text{ LaTe}$ $x =$ $= \frac{-2}{3}$	$\frac{4XX22XX003}{4XX22XX003}$ X script to include the set of the	Name 3 de the side-by-side $\phi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}A_{1}$	67 graphics/pictu ponsists of the for $t = \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \text{sgr}$ $= \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \text{sgr}$	res/figures in illowing two r $(\pi)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$ $n(\sigma^{-1}\tau\sigma)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$	$\frac{59}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	$\frac{2}{3}$ a LaTe h conce a LaTe $x =$ $= \frac{-2}{3}$	$\frac{4XX22XX003}{4XX22XX003}$ X script to include the second secon	Name 3 de the side-by-side $\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}A_{\sigma}$	67 graphics/pictu onsists of the for $t = \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \text{sgr}$ $= \sum_{\tau \in C_{\sigma t}} \text{sgr}$	res/figures in allowing two r $h(\pi)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$ $n(\sigma^{-1}\tau\sigma)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$	$\frac{59}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$	using the ations
6	Develop subgrap Develop	$\frac{2}{3}$ $a \text{ LaTe}$ $h \text{ conce}$ $a \text{ LaTe}$ $x =$ $= \frac{-2}{-2}$ $= \frac{-2}{-2}$	$\frac{4XX22XX003}{4XX22XX003}$ X script to include the set of the	Name 3 de the side-by-side $\phi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}A_{\sigma}$	67 graphics/pictu ponsists of the for $t = \sum_{\pi \in C_t} \text{sgr}$ $= \sum_{\tau \in C_{\sigma t}} \text{sgr}$ $= A_{\sigma t} \varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}$	$\frac{10}{55}$ res/figures in illowing two r $n(\pi)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$ $n(\sigma^{-1}\tau\sigma)\varphi_{\sigma}^{\lambda}\varphi_{\pi}^{\lambda}$	$\frac{59}{1000000000000000000000000000000000000$	using the ations



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Department of Computer Science & Engineering (IoT, CyberSecurity including Block Chain Technology)

8	Develop a LaTeX script to demonstrate the presentation of Numbered theorems, definitions, corollaries, and lemmas in the document
9	Develop a LaTeX script to create a document that consists of two paragraphs with a minimum of 10 citations in it and display the reference in the section
10	Develop a LaTeX script to design a simple tree diagram or hierarchical structure in the document with appropriate labels using the Tikz library
11	Develop a LaTeX script to present an algorithm in the document using algorithm/algorithmic/algorithm2e library
12	Develop a LaTeX script to create a simple report and article by using suitable commands and formats of user choice.
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the e	end of the course, the student will be able to:
•	Apply basic LaTeX command to develop simple document
•	Develop LaTeX script to present the tables and figures in the document
•	Illustrate LaTeX script to present theorems and mathematical equations in the document
•	Develop programs to generate the complete report with citations and a bibliography
•	Illustrate the use of Tikz and algorithm libraries to design graphics and algorithms in the
	document



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Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners



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jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- **BOOK:** A Short Introduction to LaTeX BY FIRUZA KARMALI (AIBARA), A book for beginners, 2019
- **BOOK:** Formatting Information: A Beginner's Introduction to Typesetting with LaTeX, BY PETER FLYNN, Comprehensive TeX Archive Network (2005)
- LaTeX TUTORIAL: [https://latex-tutorial.com/tutorials/]
- LaTeX TUTORIAL: [https://www.javatpoint.com/latex]